Sustainable Landscapes in Action: Governance, Tenure and Land Rights within Integrated Landscape Management

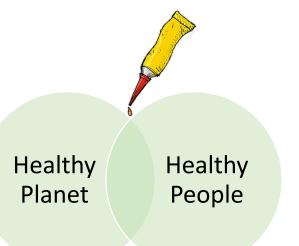


1. Bird's Eye Expert Inspirations



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2. Country Innovations Nigeria - Liberia – Laos PDR

Nexus Landscape / Integrated Landscape Management / Governance / Tenure / Land Rights

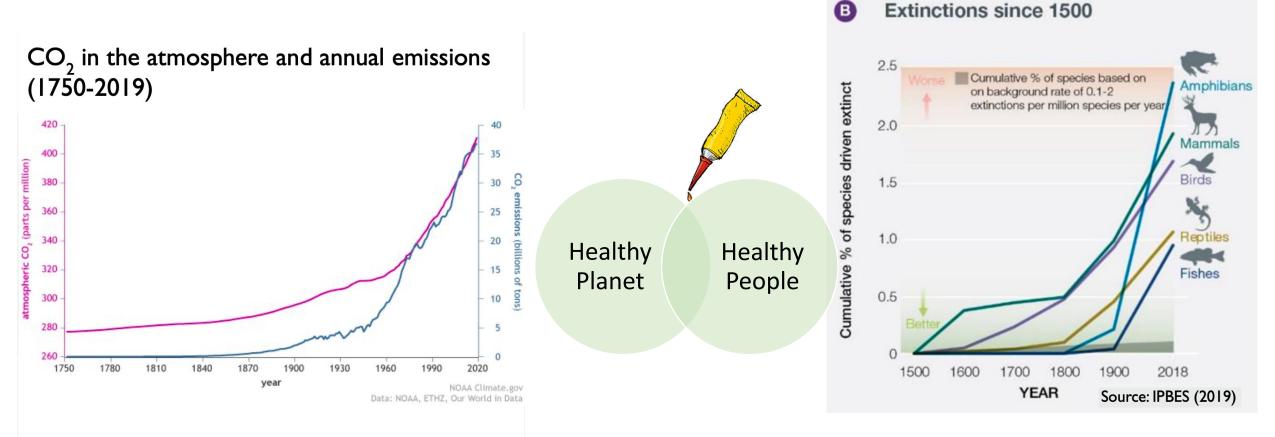
□ Critical role of landscape action to accelerate and achieve scale for a healthy planet and people?

□ Catalytic importance of governance, tenure and land rights in integrated landscape management?

□ Present Documented evidence and knowledge products to scale learnings for action

3. Practical dialogue all of us

Planetary Challenges / Opportunities - Reality Check



- One in three people in the world (2.37 billion) still did not have access to adequate food in 2020, and healthy diets remain out of reach for around 3 billion people in 2019
- 570 million farms worldwide, 84% smallholders (< 2 ha), 500 million agriculture main livelihood source; 97% deforestation in Africa (2000-2008) linked to smallholders
- Sustainable agrifood systems hold transformational solutions to address biodiversity loss, climate change and land degradation

Landscape.....

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Landscape...



For this session – Landscape is.....



- Geographically distinct area of land that is bigger than a single farm
- Defined either politically, hydrologically, agriculturally, economically, culturally, eco
- Boundary is defined
- Landscapes are socio-ecological systems in which social, cultural and economic elements interplay with ecological and biophysical ones (Sayer et all 2013)

Demystifying Integrated Landscape Management (ILM)

ILM refers to long-term genuine collaboration among different groups of stakeholders to achieve their multiple objectives and expectations within the landscape for local livelihoods, health, and well-being (Scherr *et al.* 2013, modified).

Objectives and expectations include, among others, agricultural production, provision of ecosystem services (e.g., water flow regulation and quality, pollination, cultural values, etc.), protection of biodiversity, climate change mitigation and adaptation.

ILM concerns the **management of production systems** and natural resources in an area large enough to produce vital ecosystem services and small enough to be managed by the people using the land and producing those services (FAO 2013).



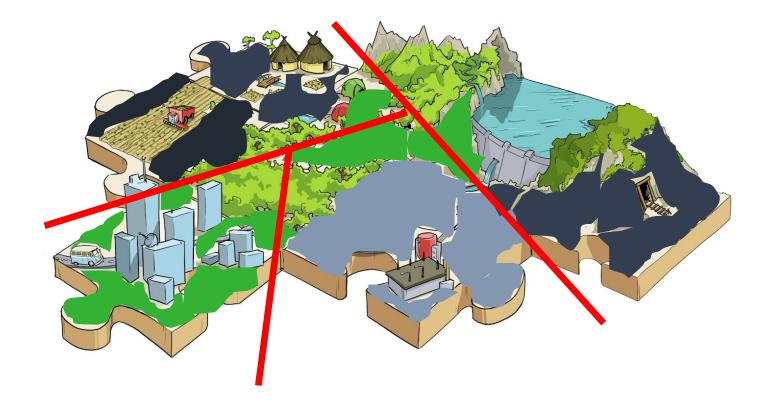
Defining Integrated



Business as Usual (BAU) Land Use Planning / Integrated Landscape Management = **Sectoral boundaries**



Jurisdictional boundaries



Integrated Landscape Management (ILM) =

Multi-Stakeholder Landscape Governance

